

# NAG C Library Function Document

## nag\_ztrevc (f08qxc)

### 1 Purpose

nag\_ztrevc (f08qxc) computes selected left and/or right eigenvectors of a complex upper triangular matrix.

### 2 Specification

```
void nag_ztrevc (Nag_OrderType order, Nag_SideType side, Nag_HowManyType how_many,
                 const Boolean select[], Integer n, Complex t[], Integer pdt, Complex vl[],
                 Integer pdvl, Complex vr[], Integer pdvr, Integer mm, Integer *m,
                 NagError *fail)
```

### 3 Description

nag\_ztrevc (f08qxc) computes left and/or right eigenvectors of a complex upper triangular matrix  $T$ . Such a matrix arises from the Schur factorization of a complex general matrix, as computed by nag\_zhseqr (f08psc), for example.

The right eigenvector  $x$ , and the left eigenvector  $y$ , corresponding to an eigenvalue  $\lambda$ , are defined by:

$$Tx = \lambda x \text{ and } y^H T = \lambda y^H \text{ (or } T^H y = \bar{\lambda} y).$$

The function can compute the eigenvectors corresponding to selected eigenvalues, or it can compute all the eigenvectors. In the latter case the eigenvectors may optionally be pre-multiplied by an input matrix  $Q$ . Normally  $Q$  is a unitary matrix from the Schur factorization of a matrix  $A$  as  $A = QTQ^H$ ; if  $x$  is a (left or right) eigenvector of  $T$ , then  $Qx$  is an eigenvector of  $A$ .

The eigenvectors are computed by forward or backward substitution. They are scaled so that  $\max(|\operatorname{Re}(x_i)| + |\operatorname{Im}(x_i)|) = 1$ .

### 4 References

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

### 5 Parameters

1: **order** – Nag\_OrderType *Input*

*On entry:* the **order** parameter specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order = Nag\_RowMajor**. See Section 2.2.1.4 of the Essential Introduction for a more detailed explanation of the use of this parameter.

*Constraint:* **order = Nag\_RowMajor** or **Nag\_ColMajor**.

2: **side** – Nag\_SideType *Input*

*On entry:* indicates whether left and/or right eigenvectors are to be computed as follows:

- if **side = Nag\_RightSide**, only right eigenvectors are computed;
- if **side = Nag\_LeftSide**, only left eigenvectors are computed;
- if **side = Nag\_BothSides**, both left and right eigenvectors are computed.

*Constraint:* **side = Nag\_RightSide**, **Nag\_LeftSide** or **Nag\_BothSides**.

3: **how\_many** – Nag\_HowManyType *Input*

*On entry:* indicates how many eigenvectors are to be computed as follows:

- if **how\_many** = **Nag\_ComputeAll**, all eigenvectors (as specified by **side**) are computed;
- if **how\_many** = **Nag\_BackTransform**, all eigenvectors (as specified by **side**) are computed and then pre-multiplied by the matrix  $Q$  (which is overwritten);
- if **how\_many** = **Nag\_ComputeSelected**, selected eigenvectors (as specified by **side** and **select**) are computed.

*Constraint:* **how\_many** = **Nag\_ComputeAll**, **Nag\_BackTransform** or **Nag\_ComputeSelected**.

4: **select**[*dim*] – const Boolean *Input*

**Note:** the dimension, *dim*, of the array **select** must be at least  $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$  when **how\_many** = **Nag\_ComputeSelected** and at least 1 otherwise.

*On entry:* **select** specifies which eigenvectors are to be computed if **how\_many** = **Nag\_ComputeSelected**. To obtain the eigenvector corresponding to the eigenvalue  $\lambda_j$ , **select**[*j*] must be set TRUE.

**select** is not referenced if **how\_many** = **Nag\_ComputeAll** or **Nag\_BackTransform**.

5: **n** – Integer *Input*

*On entry:* *n*, the order of the matrix  $T$ .

*Constraint:* **n**  $\geq 0$ .

6: **t**[*dim*] – Complex *Input/Output*

**Note:** the dimension, *dim*, of the array **t** must be at least  $\max(1, \mathbf{pdt} \times \mathbf{n})$ .

If **order** = **Nag\_ColMajor**, the  $(i, j)$ th element of the matrix  $T$  is stored in **t**[(*j* – 1)  $\times$  **pdt** + *i* – 1] and if **order** = **Nag\_RowMajor**, the  $(i, j)$ th element of the matrix  $T$  is stored in **t**[(*i* – 1)  $\times$  **pdt** + *j* – 1].

*On entry:* the *n* by *n* upper triangular matrix  $T$ , as returned by **nag\_zhseqr** (f08psc).

*On exit:* **t** is used as internal workspace prior to being restored and hence is unchanged.

7: **pdt** – Integer *Input*

*On entry:* the stride separating matrix row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **t**.

*Constraint:* **pdt**  $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$ .

8: **vl**[*dim*] – Complex *Input/Output*

**Note:** the dimension, *dim*, of the array **vl** must be at least  $\max(1, \mathbf{pdvl} \times \mathbf{mm})$  when **side** = **Nag\_LeftSide** or **Nag\_BothSides** and **order** = **Nag\_ColMajor**;  
 $\max(1, \mathbf{pdvl} \times \mathbf{n})$  when **side** = **Nag\_LeftSide** or **Nag\_BothSides** and **order** = **Nag\_RowMajor**;  
1 when **side** = **Nag\_RightSide**.

If **order** = **Nag\_ColMajor**, the  $(i, j)$ th element of the matrix is stored in **vl**[(*j* – 1)  $\times$  **pdvl** + *i* – 1] and if **order** = **Nag\_RowMajor**, the  $(i, j)$ th element of the matrix is stored in **vl**[(*i* – 1)  $\times$  **pdvl** + *j* – 1].

*On entry:* if **how\_many** = **Nag\_BackTransform** and **side** = **Nag\_LeftSide** or **Nag\_BothSides**, **vl** must contain an *n* by *n* matrix  $Q$  (usually the matrix of Schur vectors returned by **nag\_zhseqr** (f08psc)). If **how\_many** = **Nag\_ComputeAll** or **Nag\_ComputeSelected**, **vl** need not be set.

*On exit:* if **side** = **Nag\_LeftSide** or **Nag\_BothSides**, **vl** contains the computed left eigenvectors (as specified by **how\_many** and **select**). The eigenvectors are stored consecutively in the rows or columns (depending on the value of **order**) of the array, in the same order as their eigenvalues.

**vl** is not referenced if **side** = **Nag\_RightSide**.

9: **pdvl** – Integer *Input*

*On entry:* the stride separating matrix row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **vl**.

*Constraints:*

```
if order = Nag_ColMajor,
  if side = Nag_LeftSide or Nag_BothSides, pdvl  $\geq \max(1, n)$ ;
  if side = Nag_RightSide, pdvl  $\geq 1$ ;

if order = Nag_RowMajor,
  if side = Nag_LeftSide or Nag_BothSides, pdvl  $\geq \max(1, mm)$ ;
  if side = Nag_RightSide, pdvl  $\geq 1$ .
```

10: **vr**[*dim*] – Complex *Input/Output*

**Note:** the dimension, *dim*, of the array **vr** must be at least  
 $\max(1, \mathbf{pdvr} \times mm)$  when **side** = **Nag\_RightSide** or **Nag\_BothSides** and  
**order** = **Nag\_ColMajor**;  
 $\max(1, \mathbf{pdvr} \times n)$  when **side** = **Nag\_RightSide** or **Nag\_BothSides** and  
**order** = **Nag\_RowMajor**;  
1 when **side** = **Nag\_LeftSide**.

If **order** = **Nag\_ColMajor**, the  $(i, j)$ th element of the matrix is stored in **vr**[(*j* – 1)  $\times$  **pdvr** + *i* – 1] and if **order** = **Nag\_RowMajor**, the  $(i, j)$ th element of the matrix is stored in **vr**[(*i* – 1)  $\times$  **pdvr** + *j* – 1].

*On entry:* if **how\_many** = **Nag\_BackTransform** and **side** = **Nag\_RightSide** or **Nag\_BothSides**, **vr** must contain an *n* by *n* matrix *Q* (usually the matrix of Schur vectors returned by **nag\_zhseqr** (f08psc)). If **how\_many** = **Nag\_ComputeAll** or **Nag\_ComputeSelected**, **vr** need not be set.

*On exit:* if **side** = **Nag\_RightSide** or **Nag\_BothSides**, **vr** contains the computed right eigenvectors (as specified by **how\_many** and **select**). The eigenvectors are stored consecutively in the rows or columns (depending on the value of **order**) of the array, in the same order as their eigenvalues.

**vr** is not referenced if **side** = **Nag\_LeftSide**.

11: **pdvr** – Integer *Input*

*On entry:* the stride separating matrix row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **vr**.

*Constraints:*

```
if order = Nag_ColMajor,
  if side = Nag_RightSide or Nag_BothSides, pdvr  $\geq \max(1, n)$ ;
  if side = Nag_LeftSide, pdvr  $\geq 1$ ;

if order = Nag_RowMajor,
  if side = Nag_RightSide or Nag_BothSides, pdvr  $\geq \max(1, mm)$ ;
  if side = Nag_LeftSide, pdvr  $\geq 1$ .
```

12: **mm** – Integer *Input*

*On entry:* the number of rows or columns (depending on the value of **order**) in the arrays **vl** and/or **vr**. The precise number of rows or columns required, *required\_rowcol*, is *n* if **how\_many** = **Nag\_ComputeAll** or **Nag\_BackTransform**; if **how\_many** = **Nag\_ComputeSelected**, *required\_rowcol* is the number of selected eigenvectors (see **select**), in which case  $0 \leq \text{required\_rowcol} \leq n$ .

*Constraint:* **mm**  $\geq \text{required\_rowcol}$ .

13: <b>m</b> – Integer *	<i>Output</i>
On exit: <i>required_rowcol</i> , the number of selected eigenvectors. If <b>how_many</b> = <b>Nag_ComputeAll</b> or <b>Nag_BackTransform</b> , <b>m</b> is set to <i>n</i> .	
14: <b>fail</b> – NagError *	<i>Output</i>
The NAG error parameter (see the Essential Introduction).	

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

### NE\_INT

On entry, **n** = *⟨value⟩*.

Constraint: **n**  $\geq 0$ .

On entry, **mm** = *⟨value⟩*.

Constraint: **mm**  $\geq \text{required\_rowcol}$ , where *required\_rowcol* is the number of selected eigenvectors.

On entry, **pdt** = *⟨value⟩*.

Constraint: **pdt**  $> 0$ .

On entry, **pdvl** = *⟨value⟩*.

Constraint: **pdvl**  $> 0$ .

On entry, **pdvr** = *⟨value⟩*.

Constraint: **pdvr**  $> 0$ .

### NE\_INT\_2

On entry, **pdt** = *⟨value⟩*, **n** = *⟨value⟩*.

Constraint: **pdt**  $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$ .

### NE\_ENUM\_INT\_2

On entry, **side** = *⟨value⟩*, **n** = *⟨value⟩*, **pdvl** = *⟨value⟩*.

Constraint: if **side** = **Nag\_LeftSide** or **Nag\_BothSides**, **pdvl**  $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$ ;  
if **side** = **Nag\_RightSide**, **pdvl**  $\geq 1$ .

On entry, **side** = *⟨value⟩*, **n** = *⟨value⟩*, **pdvr** = *⟨value⟩*.

Constraint: if **side** = **Nag\_RightSide** or **Nag\_BothSides**, **pdvr**  $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$ ;  
if **side** = **Nag\_LeftSide**, **pdvr**  $\geq 1$ .

On entry, **side** = *⟨value⟩*, **mm** = *⟨value⟩*, **pdvl** = *⟨value⟩*.

Constraint: if **side** = **Nag\_LeftSide** or **Nag\_BothSides**, **pdvl**  $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{mm})$ ;  
if **side** = **Nag\_RightSide**, **pdvl**  $\geq 1$ .

On entry, **side** = *⟨value⟩*, **mm** = *⟨value⟩*, **pdvr** = *⟨value⟩*.

Constraint: if **side** = **Nag\_RightSide** or **Nag\_BothSides**, **pdvr**  $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{mm})$ ;  
if **side** = **Nag\_LeftSide**, **pdvr**  $\geq 1$ .

### NE\_ALLOC\_FAIL

Memory allocation failed.

### NE\_BAD\_PARAM

On entry, parameter *⟨value⟩* had an illegal value.

### NE\_INTERNAL\_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please consult NAG for assistance.

## 7 Accuracy

If  $x_i$  is an exact right eigenvector, and  $\tilde{x}_i$  is the corresponding computed eigenvector, then the angle  $\theta(\tilde{x}_i, x_i)$  between them is bounded as follows:

$$\theta(\tilde{x}_i, x_i) \leq \frac{c(n)\epsilon\|T\|_2}{sep_i}$$

where  $sep_i$  is the reciprocal condition number of  $x_i$ .

The condition number  $sep_i$  may be computed by calling nag\_ztrsna (f08qyc).

## 8 Further Comments

The real analogue of this function is nag\_dtrevc (f08qkc).

## 9 Example

See Section 9 of the document for nag\_zgebal (f08nvc).

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